

**AIBE (12) 2017 SET CODE A****1. The First constitutional amendment was enacted in**

- (a) 1950
- (b) 1951
- (c) 1967
- (d) 1975

**2. A person instigates any person to do an offence or illegal act or omission attracts**

- (a) Section 107 IPC
- (b) Section 120(B) of IPC
- (c) Section 114 of IPC
- (d) Section 144 of IPC

**3. A land mark Habeas Corpus Petition was filed during emergency, that is**

- (a) Keshavanand Bharati V/s. State of Kerala
- (b) Golaknath V.s State of Punjab
- (c) MC Mehta V/s. Union of India
- (d) ADM Jabalpur V/s. Shivkant Shukla

**4. Examination in Chief is conducted by the**

- (a) Chief Examiner of the court
- (b) A lawyer appointed by the accused
- (c) A lawyer appointed by the government
- (d) Presiding judge in the court

**5. The convention of Climate Change was the outcome of**

- (a) The Stockholm Conference
- (b) The Nairobi Conference
- (c) The Vienna Conference
- (d) The Rio De Janeiro Conference

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**6. Who is a protected workman**

- (a) Workman given police protection during labour strike
- (b) Workman protected by insurance coverage
- (c) Workman who is an executive or office bearer of a registered trade union in the establishment
- (d) Workman protected from being arrested by a court order

**7. A trade mark is a visual symbol applied to articles of commerce with a view to distinguish the articles from other. It is in the form of**

- (a) A word
- (b) A device
- (c) A label
- (d) All the above

**8. The Indian Legal system has evolved a new technique of alternate dispute resolution which is popularly known as Lok Adalat. It owes its origin to the statutory recognition by passing of**

- (a) Legal Service Corporation Act, 1974
- (b) Legal aid and advice Act, 1949
- (c) Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987
- (d) None

**9. Shah Bano case was related to**

- (a) Dowry demand
- (b) Harassment at work place
- (c) Maintenance of divorced Muslim women
- (d) Triple divorce of Muslim Women

**10. Who can move PIL in High Court and Supreme Court,**

- (a) Any public spirited person
- (b) NGO or Association with public spirit
- (c) Group of Public spirited persons who have no personal interest
- (d) All the above

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**11. Doctrine of 'Pleasure' applies to**

- (a) Legislative
- (b) Civil servants
- (c) Judges
- (d) Cabinet Ministers

**12. Section 24 A of Advocates Act 1961 provides the**

- (a) Appointment of Attorney General
- (b) Regular attendance at Law College
- (c) Admitted for enrolment in Bar or State Roll
- (d) Election to state Bar Council

**13. Articles of a company can be altered by**

- (a) The directors of the company
- (b) The official of the company
- (c) Share holders by passing an ordinary resolution
- (d) Share holders by passing a special resolution

**14. Article 361 provides**

- (a) Authority to Union government to dismiss the state governments
- (b) Authority to the state governments to pass legislation
- (c) Protection and immunities to the President and Governors from being prosecuted in courts
- (d) None of the above

**15. Uttering of words with deliberate intention to wound religious sentiments will be dealt with**

- (a) Section 298 of IPC
- (b) Section 296 IPC
- (c) Section 297
- (d) None of the above

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**16. Under Section 320(1), Cr.P.C for criminal intimidation, with section of IPC is applicable**

- (a) 503
- (b) 504
- (c) 505
- (d) 506

**17. Which of the following is an innovative form of Alternative Dispute Resolution mechanism**

- (a) Bar Council of India
- (b) Election Commission
- (c) Comptroller and Auditor General
- (d) Lok Adalat

**18. Which of the following is not a legal guardian of the property of Muslim minor**

- (a) Father
- (b) Brother
- (c) The executor appointed by father
- (d) Grand father

**19. Who is garnishee**

- (a) A third party who is instructed by way of legal notice to surrender money to settle a debt or claim
- (b) A borrower arrested for defaulting
- (c) A person who cannot repay a bank loan
- (d) A person who mortgaged his farm land

**20. Under section 18 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 which of the following officers is empowered to refer the matter to the court**

- (a) The Tahsildar
- (b) The Sub Collector
- (c) The Deputy Collector
- (d) The Collector

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**21. For Specific Performance of a contract suit is to be instituted in**

- (a) 3 years
- (b) 3 months
- (c) 6 months
- (d) No specific time limit unless mentioned in the contract

**22. Permanent Account Number (PAN) is defined under**

- (a) Wealth Tax
- (b) GST
- (c) Income Tax Act 1961
- (d) Finance Act 1992

**23. A marriage with a woman before completion of her iddat is \_\_\_\_\_**

- (a) Irregular
- (b) Void
- (c) Voidable
- (d) None of these

**24. Section 10 of the CPC provides for**

- (a) Stay of the suit
- (b) Summoning witness
- (c) Examination of witness
- (d) Sentencing the judgement

**25. Who is prevented from being testified u/s 118 of Indian Evidence Act**

- (a) A lunatic who cannot understand the questions put to him
- (b) Extreme old age person who cannot give rational answer to the questions
- (c) A tender age person who cannot give rational answer to the questions
- (d) All the above

**26. Supreme Court decided in SR Bommai V/s. Union of India,**

- (a) Relating to the President Rule in state
- (b) Relating to the illegal detention
- (c) Relating to the right to clean environment

(d) None of the above

**27. Recovery of specific immovable property is defined**

- (a) Section 5 of Specific Relief Act
- (b) Section 120 (B) of IPC
- (c) Under section 10 of Sale of goods Act
- (d) None of the Above

**28. Section 29 of the Wealth Tax Act deals with**

- (a) Revision petition in division bench of High Court
- (b) Appeal in Supreme Court
- (c) Return of Wealth Tax
- (d) None of the above

**29. The Collector shall under the Land Acquisition Act 1894, give immediate \_\_\_\_\_ of any correction made in the award to all the persons included**

- (a) Approval
- (b) Stay
- (c) Announcement
- (d) Notice

**30. Clerical or arithmetical mistakes in judgements, decrees or orders etc. can be corrected**

- (a) Under Section 151 of CPC
- (b) Under Section 152 of CPC
- (c) Under Section 153 of CPC
- (d) Under Section 153 A of CPC

**31. Any confessional statement by the accused given to the Magistrate is**

- (a) Admissible
- (b) Not admissible
- (c) Challengeable
- (d) None of the above

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**32. Supreme court has decided in Keshavanand Bharati V/s. State of Kerala, that**

- (a) Parliament can amend any provision of the constitution
- (b) Parliament cannot amend any provision of the constitution
- (c) Parliament can amend any provision of the constitution but not to alter the basic structure and basic feature of the constitution
- (d) None of the above

**33. Under which of the following sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure, police can arrest an accused without warrant?**

- (a) Section 40
- (b) Section 41
- (c) Section 42
- (d) Section 37

**34. "A" is at work with a hatchel: the head flies off and kills a man who is standing by. If there was no want of a proper caution on the part of A, his act is excusable and not an offence. It is contained in**

- (a) Section 80 of IPC
- (b) Section 84 of IPC
- (c) Section 81 of IPC
- (d) Section 85 of IPC

**35. Delhi Domestic Working Women Forum v/s. Union Of India (1995) 1 SC 14, In this PIL which issue was exposed before the court,**

- (a) The plight of some domestic maids who were sexually assaulted by army men
- (b) Abolition of child labour
- (c) Unemployment of domestic servants in Delhi
- (d) Poor salary of maid servants

**36. Which chapter of Cyber Law provides the legal Recognition to Digital Signature**

- (a) Chapter III
- (b) Chapter IV
- (c) Chapter IX
- (d) Chapter IX and X

**37. The FIR gives information of**

- (a) Report to the Magistrate about the inquiry conducted by a police officer
- (b) Report submitted to the court by the investigation officer in a criminal case
- (c) The commission of a cognizable crime
- (d) None of the above

**38. Definition of complainant is described in Consumer Protection Act under section**

- (a) Section 2(1)(b)
- (b) Section 20
- (c) Section 21
- (d) None of the above

**39. Which of the following deals with plaint in interpleader –suits in the code of civil procedure?**

- (a) Order 12, Rule 1
- (b) Order 17, Rule 10
- (c) Order 33, Rule 18
- (d) Order 35 Rule 1

**40. Which is not the Private Right**

- (a) Rights of property
- (b) Right of freedom
- (c) Rights to Education
- (d) All the above

**41. Which one of the following is true of summons under Section 61 Cr.P.C?**

- (a) It is milder form of process
- (b) It is for appearance
- (c) It is for producing documents or thing
- (d) All of them

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**42. The Kashmira Singh Vs. State of Punjab is a leading case on**

- (a) Dying Declaration
- (b) Admission
- (c) Confession
- (d) None of the above

**43. What is main objective of Section 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act**

- (a) Recovery of stolen property
- (b) Recovery of seized vehicles from RTO
- (c) Recovery of the cheque amount in case cheque issued by the payer is bounced
- (d) None of the above

**44. Part III of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 formalizes**

- (a) Process of Conciliation
- (b) Process of Arbitration
- (c) Enforcement of Foreign awards under New York and Geneva Conventions
- (d) All of the above

**45. Separation of judiciary from Executive is guaranteed in constitution under Article**

- (a) 19
- (b) 21
- (c) 48-A
- (d) 50

**46. In- camera trial is conducted in the cases charged under section**

- (a) 302 IPC
- (b) 307 IPC
- (c) 376 IPC
- (d) 498-A-IPC

**47. The Family courts have concurrent jurisdiction to pass a decree for dissolution of marriage under the Indian Divorce Act: In which case the order was passed:**

- (a) Handa v/s. Handa (AIR 1955)

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- (b) Dr. Mary V/s. Dr. Vincent (AIR 1991)
- (c) Peter V/s. Anglina (AIR 1992)
- (d) None of the above

**48. Punishment for Advocates for misconduct is defined in Advocates Act 1961 by**

- (a) Section 25
- (b) Section 33
- (c) Section 35
- (d) None of the above

**49. Which one is a case of public interest**

- (a) Vishaka V/s State of Rajasthan
- (b) Minerva Mills V/s. Union of India AIR 1980
- (c) Municipal Council, Ratlam V.s. Vardichand AIR 1980
- (d) All the above

**50. Under section 239 Cr.PC, the Magistrate can**

- (a) Frame charges against the accused person
- (b) Discharge the accused if charges are groundless.
- (c) Open trial for evidence
- (d) Convict the accused if pleaded guilty

**51. Article 213 empowers the Governor to promulgate ordinances**

- (a) When the state legislature is not in session
- (b) During the course of legislature session
- (c) On the recommendation of the state cabinet
- (d) With the permission of the union government

**52. A person arrested should not be detained more than**

- (a) 48 hours
- (b) 24 hours
- (c) 14 days
- (d) 90 days

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**53. Who of the following Muslim is not entitled to maintenance**

- (a) Son who is a minor
- (b) Daughter who is not married
- (c) Grand parents
- (d) An Illegitimate son

**54. In civil cases Indian Evidence Act bestows burden of proof on**

- (a) The Petitioner
- (b) The respondents
- (c) The state government
- (d) The Court

**55. In which of the following of Section 59 Cr. P. C the discharge of the arrested person by a police officer can take place?**

- (a) On his own bond
- (b) On bail
- (c) Under special order of the Magistrate
- (d) All of them

**56. Financial Relations between the state and centre are defined in constitution**

- (a) Between Article 245-255
- (b) Between Article 256-263
- (c) Between 264 to 293
- (d) None of the above

**57. Mahatma Gandhiji was jailed and prosecuted by British regime in 1922 at Ahmedabad u/s 124(A) of IPC for**

- (a) Calling Hartal
- (b) Breaching public peace and tranquillity
- (c) Sedition and disaffection to the government
- (d) None of the above

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**58. Police can seek a bond for good behaviour u/s. 109 and 110 of Cr.PC from**

- (a) Habitual offenders
- (b) White collar criminals
- (c) Jail inmates
- (d) None of the above

**59. Dayabhaga school Presumes that "a family because it is joint possesses joint property"**

- (a) This statement is correct
- (b) This presumption is under Mitakshara school
- (c) This statement is incorrect
- (d) None of these

**60. Meaning of Industrial Dispute according to the Industrial Dispute Act 1947 is**

- (a) Dispute between employers and employers
- (b) Dispute between employers and workman
- (c) Dispute between workmen and workmen in connection with employment and non-employment
- (d) All the above

**61. English case Ryland V/s. Fletcher laid down a very important rule**

- (a) Absolute Liability
- (b) Vicarious liability
- (c) Indirect liability
- (d) Financial liability

**62. Which of the following is not an essential for a valid sale:**

- (a) The parties must be competent to contract
- (b) There must be mental consent
- (c) There must be a transfer of property
- (d) There must be an agreement to sell

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**63. "Custodial death is perhaps one of the worst crimes in a civilised society governed by the Rule of Law". In which case supreme court made this remark,**

- (a) A.K. Gopalan V/s. State of Madras
- (b) M.C. Mehta V/s. Union of India
- (c) D.K. Basu V/s. State of Bengal
- (d) Visakha V/s. State of Rajasthan

**64. A suit for compensation for false imprisonment, the period of limitation is**

- (a) 3 year's from the date of sentencing the judgement
- (b) 3 year's from the date of release from imprisonment
- (c) 3 year's from the date of commencing the imprisonment
- (d) 1 year when the imprisonment ends

**65. Rule of Law is defined by**

- (a) Jeremy Bentham
- (b) Sir John Salmond
- (c) A.Y.Diecy
- (d) Prof. Aristotle

**66. What is the time prescribed for filing an FIR**

- (a) Within 24 hours
- (b) Within 48 hours
- (c) Within 14 days of the offence
- (d) No time limit is specified

**67. Which of the following is true of rules framed by the Supreme Court with reference to appeals to it?**

- (a) They are a special law within Section 4 of the code of civil procedure
- (b) They must take precedence over Section. 114 or Order. 47
- (c) Both (A) and (B)
- (d) None of these

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**68. An Appeal Against Order Passed under Section 27 of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986 by the National Commission lies in**

- (a) The High Court
- (b) The Supreme Court
- (c) The Central Government
- (d) Not Appealable

**69. Which is the body that award punishments to the advocates for misconduct**

- (a) Ethics Committee
- (b) Professional Development Committee
- (c) Disciplinary Committee
- (d) High Court

**70. Which section of Sale of Goods Act 1930 deal with anticipatory breach of contract**

- (a) Section 50
- (b) Section 65
- (c) Section 60
- (d) Section 70

**71. Criminal proceedings against the infringer is enabled in the Copyright act by invoking the provisions**

- (a) Section 13-16
- (b) Section 17-27
- (c) Section 63-70
- (d) None of the above

**72. Which section of Indian Registration Act 1908 provides with compulsory registration of Instrument of Gifts and Immovable Properties**

- (a) Section 11
- (b) Section 13
- (c) Section 17
- (d) None of the above

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**73. State government's power to control the road transport is provided in the Motor Vehicle Act 1988 Under section,**

- (a) 67 of MV Act 1988
- (b) 68 of MV Act 1988
- (c) 69 of MV Act 1988
- (d) None of the above

**74. Doctrine of "LIS PENDENS" is given under which section of the transfer of property Act**

- (a) 41
- (b) 52
- (c) 53
- (d) 53A

**75. Which of the following statements is true regarding the characteristics of International Law?**

- (a) It is a true law
- (b) It has vertical structure
- (c) It has well established institutes of governance
- (d) It has formal law enforcing agencies

**76. Deferred mahr is payable at the time of divorce or at the time of death of spouse.**

- (a) This statement is true under Sunni law.
- (b) This statement is not true.
- (c) Deferred mahr is payable only at the time of divorce.
- (d) Deferred mahr is payable only at the time of death of the spouse.

**77. Dying declaration must be made by**

- (a) The dying person in hospital
- (b) The doctor who is treating the deceased in hospital
- (c) The deceased before death
- (d) Nearest relative of the deceased

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**78. Judgement should be delivered to the parties or to their pleaders in the open court**

- (a) By delivering the whole of the judgement
- (b) By reading out the whole of the judgement
- (c) By reading out the operative part of the judgement
- (d) All of the above

**79. Which of the following deals with the evidence for prosecution**

- (a) Section 242 Cr.P.C
- (b) Section 264 Cr.P.C
- (c) Section 237 Cr.P.C
- (d) Section 235 Cr.P.C

**80. Abetting the Commission of suicide is given under**

- (a) Section 9 of IPC
- (b) Section 8 of IPC
- (c) Section 7 of IPC
- (d) None of the above

**81. Control over sub ordinate courts shall be vested in the**

- (a) High Court
- (b) Supreme Court
- (c) Chief Minister
- (d) Governor

**82. Section 34 of the CPC provides**

- (a) The Payment of fine imposed by the court
- (b) Payment of compensation to the other party
- (c) Payment of interest
- (d) None of the above

**83. Any question suggesting the answer which the person putting it expects to receive is called:**

- (a) Coercive question
- (b) Confusing question
- (c) Misleading question

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(d) Rhetoric Question

**84. According to clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of section 145 of the code of civil Procedure a surety:**

- (a) May render himself personally liable
- (b) He may only give a charge upon his property
- (c) He may undertake a personal liability and charge his property as further charge
- (d) All of these

**85. Section 49 of Factories Act 1947 explains about**

- (a) Canteen
- (b) Creche
- (c) Welfare officer
- (d) Rest room

**86. The word "case" used in Section. 115 of the code of civil Procedure is of wide import and**

- (a) It means any state of facts juridically considered
- (b) It includes civil proceeding other suits and is not restricted to anything contained in the section to the entirety of the proceeding in a civil court
- (c) Both (A) and (B)
- (d) None of these

**87. "A" finds a purse with money not knowing to whom it belongs, he afterwards discovers that it belongs to "B" and appropriates to his own use. "A" is guilty of**

- (a) Criminal breach of trust
- (b) Cheating
- (c) Criminal misappropriation
- (d) Theft

**88. The word "is not possessed of sufficient means" in Order 33 Rule 1 refer:**

- (a) To dower debt due by the petitioner's husband
- (b) To property over which petitioner has actual control
- (c) To sufficient property and excludes sole means livelihoods

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(d) None of these

**89. Section 22 B of Legal Services Authority Act empower the central and state Authorities to**

(a) Abolish Lok Adalat

(b) Works of Lok Adalat

(c) Powers of Lok Adalat or permanent Lok Adalat

(d) None of the above

**90. Indian Evidence Act was enacted in**

(a) 1972

(b) 1872

(c) 1955

(d) 1986

**91. Which is the correct state statement with regard to the professional ethics of a lawyer**

(a) Lawyers have no right to go on strike or give a call for boycott

(b) An advocate shall not influence the decision of a court by any illegal or improper means

(c) An advocate abusing the process of the court is guilty and misconduct

(d) All of the above

**92. Droite Administration is a system of administration**

(a) French system

(b) British system

(c) American System

(d) Irish System

**93. Which Act is covering the Cyber crimes**

(a) Indian Telecommunication Act

(b) Indian Penal Code

(c) Indian Evidence Act

(d) Information Technology Act

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**94. In the tort of conspiracy, the purpose of combination must be to**

- (a) Violate legal right of the victim
- (b) Cause damage to the victim
- (c) Obtain benefit for the combiners
- (d) Perfect the interest of combiners

**95. Cancellation of instrument is mentioned in**

- (a) Section 8-25 of Specific Relief Act
- (b) Section of 26 of Specific Relief Act
- (c) Section 31-33 of specific Relief Act
- (d) Sections 36-42 of Specific Relief Act

**96. Unfair labour practice by the employers**

- (a) Victimization
- (b) False implication in criminal case
- (c) Untrue allegations of absence without leave
- (d) All the above

**97. The Coastal Regulation Zone Notification was issued by the Central Government in**

- (a) 1986
- (b) 1988
- (c) 1991
- (d) 1997

**98. Who is lawful guardian**

- (a) A person who in law represents the Minor:
- (b) A person who has been appointed by the court
- (c) A person who has been authorised to represent an unmarried daughter
- (d) All the above

**99. Under the Companies Act every person subscribing to the Memorandum of a company must take at least**

- (a) 100 shares
- (b) 20 shares
- (c) 10 shares

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(d) 1 share

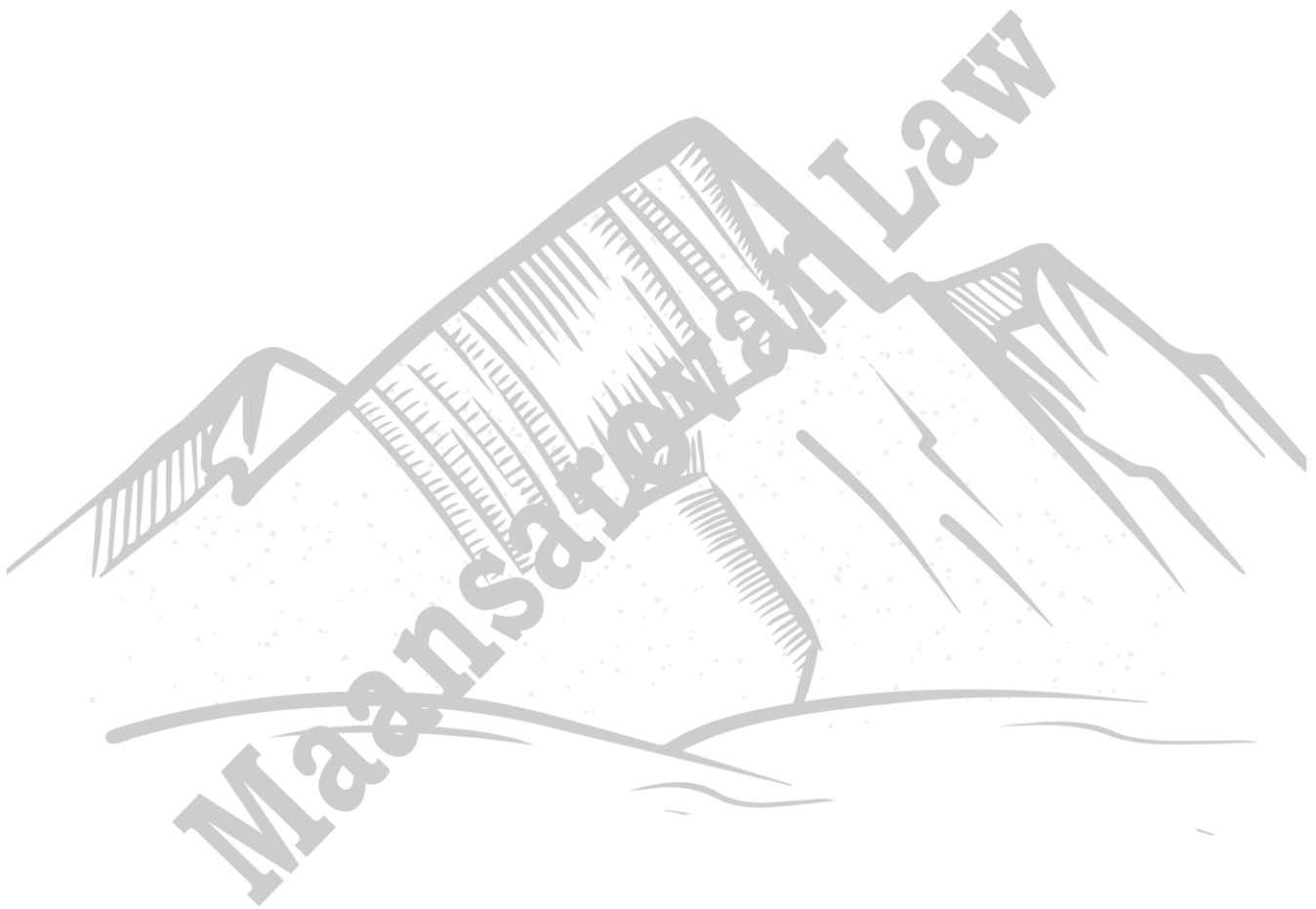
**100. GST came into force from**

(a) 1<sup>st</sup> January 2017

(b) 1<sup>st</sup> April 2017

(c) 1<sup>st</sup> July 2017

(d) 1<sup>st</sup> August 2017



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